Sani - Tank 8000N

Safety Data Sheet

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended in UK law.
Issue date: 6/21/2024 Revision date: 6/21/2024 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : Sani - Tank 8000N
Product code : Formula: LB-GLYVAK/TS
Part No: ESP-8000N series

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use
Use of the substance/mixture : Cleaning agent

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier
Celeste Industries Corporation
8007 Industrial Park Road
Easton, Maryland 21601 USA
T 1-410-822-5775
info@celestecorp.com - www.celestecorp.com

Distributor
Celeste Industries
400 Thames Valley Park Drive
RG6 1PT Reading, Berkshire
England
T +44 (0) 1189 637930

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident call CHEMTREC (24 hours) within USA and CANADA: 1-800-424-9300; Outside USA and Canada (collect call accepted): 1-703-527-3883

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to GB CLP (SI 2019:720 as amended)

Corrosive to metals, Category 1	H290
Skin irritation 2	H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	H318

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to GB CLP (SI 2019:720 as amended)

Hazard pictograms (GB CLP) :

GHS05

Signal word (GB CLP) : Danger
Contains : Sodium 1-octanesulfonate; L-Lactic acid
Hazard statements (GB CLP) : H290 - May be corrosive to metals.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statements (GB CLP) : P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection.
P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305+P351+P338+P310: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.

Unknown acute toxicity (GB CLP) - SDS : 3.22% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)
3.41% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
4.54% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

Unknown hazards to the aquatic environment (GB CLP) : Contains 1.22 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

2.3. Other hazards

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of UK REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in GB BPR and GB PPP at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Labelling according to GB CLP (SI 2019:720 as amended)
L-Lactic acid	CAS-No.: 79-33-4 EC-No.: 201-196-2	5 – 10	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 EUH071
Sodium xylenesulfonate	CAS-No.: 1300-72-7 EC-No.: 215-090-9	1 – 5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Sodium 1-octanesulfonate	CAS-No.: 5324-84-5 EC-No.: 226-195-4	1 – 5	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Sodium hydroxide	CAS-No.: 1310-73-2 EC-No.: 215-185-5	<1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=325 mg/kg bodyweight) Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 (ATE=1350 mg/kg bodyweight) Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin..
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical powder, foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.May release corrosive fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material (sand, vermiculite or other appropriate material), then place in suitable container. Do not flush into surface water or sewer system. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
Methods for cleaning up : Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Provide ventilation. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed	:	May be corrosive to metals.
Precautions for safe handling	:	Do not get on skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not swallow. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).
Hygiene measures	:	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures	:	Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage conditions	:	Keep out of the reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
Incompatible products	:	Refer to Section 10 on Incompatible Materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Cleaning agent.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	2 mg/m³

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	2 mg/m³

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Propan-2-ol
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	999 mg/m³
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	400 ppm
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	1250 mg/m³
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	500 ppm
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	0.05 mg/m³ (mist)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	0.15 mg/m³ (calculated-mist)

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

Consult relevant monitoring standards.

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

No additional information available

8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:
Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard such as the European Standard EN166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Hand protection:
Chemical resistant gloves (according to European standard NF ISO 374-1 or equivalent). Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness.

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. SDSs cannot provide detailed and complete respiratory protection guidelines. Selection of respiratory protection must be done by a qualified person who has assessed the work environment.

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:
Avoid release to the environment.

Other information:
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Colour	:	Amber. tan.
Appearance	:	No data available.
Odour	:	Odourless.
Odour threshold	:	Not available
Melting point	:	Not available
Freezing point	:	Not available
Boiling point	:	Not available
Flammability	:	Not available
Explosive limits	:	Not available
Flash point	:	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available

pH	:	2.5 – 3.5
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not available
Solubility	:	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	:	Not available
Vapour pressure	:	Not available
Vapour pressure at 50°C	:	Not available
Density	:	Not available
Relative density	:	0.95 – 1.05
Relative vapour density at 20°C	:	Not available
Particle characteristics	:	Not applicable

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Boiling point	1390 °C
Vapour pressure	0 hPa (at 20 °C)

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
Boiling point	296.5 °C Atm. press.: 983 hPa
Vapour pressure	0.95 hPa (at 20 °C (70% aqueous solution)

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Boiling point	82.3 °C (at 1 atm)
Flash point	12 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	399 °C
Vapour pressure	42 hPa (at 20 °C)

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	
Boiling point	279.6 °C (at 1013 hPa)
Vapour pressure	0.7 hPa (at 25 °C (Sulfuric acid 97-98%)

L-Lactic acid (79-33-4)	
Boiling point	> 100 °C

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use. May be corrosive to metals.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Metals.Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LD50 oral rat	325 mg/kg (Source: OECD_SIDS)
LD50 dermal rabbit	1350 mg/kg (Source: NLM_HSDB)
ATE GB CLP (oral)	325 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE GB CLP (dermal)	1350 mg/kg bodyweight

Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 3346 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), 95% CL: 3196 - 3503
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
LD50 oral rat	1530 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LD50 oral	2000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	2740 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	0.9615 mg/l/4h
ATE GB CLP (oral)	1530 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE GB CLP (dermal)	2740 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE GB CLP (dust, mist)	0.962 mg/l/4h

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
LD50 oral rat	5840 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	4059 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 10000 ppm (Exposure time: 6 h Source: ECHA_API)
ATE GB CLP (oral)	5840 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE GB CLP (dermal)	4059 mg/kg bodyweight

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	
LD50 oral rat	2140 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LC50 inhalation rat	0.375 mg/l/4h
ATE GB CLP (oral)	2140 mg/kg bodyweight

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	
ATE GB CLP (vapours)	0.375 mg/l/4h
ATE GB CLP (dust, mist)	0.375 mg/l/4h

L-Lactic acid (79-33-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3730 mg/kg (Source: IUCLID)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Source: NICNAS)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 7.94 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
ATE GB CLP (oral)	3730 mg/kg bodyweight

Unknown acute toxicity (GB CLP) - SDS : 3.22% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)
3.41% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
4.54% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
pH: 2.5 – 3.5 (On the basis of test data)

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
pH	12 (conc: 0.05 % (solution)

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
pH	1.5 (conc: 1.0 %)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
pH: 2.5 – 3.5

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
pH	12 (conc: 0.05 % (solution)

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
pH	1.5 (conc: 1.0 %)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Carcinogenicity : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans

Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/female, 2 years)	≥ 60 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies), Remarks on results: other:

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

STOT-single exposure : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	763 – 3534 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

Sodium 1-octanesulfonate (5324-84-5)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	> 430 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

11.2. Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties : The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

11.2.2. Other information

Other information : Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Unknown hazards to the aquatic environment (GB CLP) : Contains 1.22 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	45.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	40 mg/l

Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	≥ 1580 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1020 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	≥ 758 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	75.1 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)

Sodium 1-octanesulfonate (5324-84-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	421 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	10000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
LC50 - Fish [2]	9640 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 1000 mg/l (Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	> 1000 mg/l (Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
NOEC (chronic)	0.15 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:Tanytarsus dissimilis
NOEC chronic fish	0.31 mg/l Test organisms (species): Salvelinus fontinalis

L-Lactic acid (79-33-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	320 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [semi-static] Source: IUCLID)
LC50 - Fish [2]	100 – 180 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	240 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	180 – 320 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Sani - Tank 8000N	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Sodium 1-octanesulfonate (5324-84-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

L-Lactic acid (79-33-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Sani - Tank 8000N	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	-3.12 (at 20 °C (at pH 11.96)

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	0.05 (at 25 °C)

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)

L-Lactic acid (79-33-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	-0.54 (at 25 °C)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Sani - Tank 8000N
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of UK REACH regulation, Annex XIII
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of UK REACH regulation, Annex XIII

12.6. Other adverse effects

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties : The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %.

Additional information : No other effects known

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA

14.1. UN number or ID number

UN-No. (ADR) : UN 1760
UN-No. (IMDG) : UN 1760
UN-No. (IATA) : UN 1760

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (ADR) : CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (L(+)-lactic Acid)
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (L(+)-lactic Acid)
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (L(+)-lactic Acid)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR

Transport hazard class(es) (ADR) : 8
Hazard labels (ADR) : 8

:

IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 8

Hazard labels (IMDG) : 8

:

IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 8

Hazard labels (IATA) : 8

:

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (ADR) : III

Packing group (IMDG) : III

Packing group (IATA) : III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Dangerous for the environment : No

Marine pollutant : No

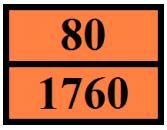
Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Overland transport

Orange plates :



Transport by sea

No data available

Air transport

No data available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XVII (Restriction Conditions)

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Dual-Use Regulation (428/2009)

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 428/2009 of 5 May 2009 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports, transfer, brokering and transit of dual-use items.

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)
Please see https://home-affairs.ec.europa.eu/policies/internal-security/counter-terrorism-and-radicalisation/protection/legislation-chemicals-used-home-made-explosives_en

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

15.1.2. United Kingdom

British National Regulations : Not determined.

UK REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

UK REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the UK REACH Candidate List

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (UK):
None.

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
	CLP Abbreviations: °C – Degrees Celsius °F – Degrees Fahrenheit ADR – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ASTM: American Society for Testing and Materials ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ATE – Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF – Bioconcentration Factor BEI – Biological Exposure Index CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service CLP – Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on the Classification, Labeling and Packaging of substances and mixtures. CMR – Carcinogen, Mutagen, Reproductive toxin cP – centipoise (unit of dynamic viscosity) cSt – centistokes (unit of kinematic viscosity) DNEL – Derived No-effect Level DMEL – Derived Minimal Effect Level EC50 – Half maximal effective concentration ECHA – European Chemicals Agency EC-No. – European Community number EU – European Union GHS – Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
	h – Hours IATA – International Air Transport Association IC50 – Inhibition concentration IDLH – Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods IOELV – Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value KIFS – Swedish Chemicals Agency's (Keml's) Code of Statutes kPa – kilopascal Koc – Adsorption Coefficient Kow – Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient LC50 – Median Lethal Concentration LD50 – Median Lethal Dose LOAEL – Lowest Observed Adverse Effect level mg/l – Milligram per liter mg/kg – Milligram per kilogram mg/m3 – Milligram per cubic meter Min – Minutes NIOSH – National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOEC – No Observed Effect Concentration NO(A)EL – No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level N.O.S. – Not Otherwise Specified OEL – Occupational Exposure Limit PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PCN – Poison Centre Notification PNEC – Predicted No Effect Concentration ppm – Parts per million PVC – Polyvinyl chloride REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 RID – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SDS – Safety Data Sheet STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit STOT – Specific Target Organ Toxicity SVHC – Substance of Very High Concern (CMR, vPvB, PBT) TDI – Tolerable Daily Intake TLV – Threshold Limit Value TWA – Time Weighted Average UFI – Unique Formulation Identifier UN – United Nations vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative WEL – Workplace Exposure Limit WGK – Wassergefahrdungklasse – German water quality classification

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

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Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
H290	May be corrosive to metals.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals, Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:		
Met. Corr. 1	H290	On the basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	On the basis of test data
Eye Dam. 1	H318	Calculation method